Development and first results of the edge Thomson scattering diagnostic with compact polychromators on the HL-2M Tokamak

S.B. Gong^{1,*}, T.C. Zhang¹, W.P. Guo¹, Z.P. Hou¹, W.Y. Zhai¹, C.H. Liu¹, Z.B. Shi¹, and B.H. Deng¹

¹Southwestern Institute of Physics, Chengdu 610041, People's Republic of China

An edge Thomson scattering (ETS) diagnostic system on the HL-2M tokamak has been developed recently. A Nd: YAG laser (1064 nm, 2 J, 30 Hz, 15 ns) is used as the probe beam. The laser beam propagates vertically through the plasma region and the scattered light is observed horizontally. The combination of a half-wave plate and a polarizing beam splitter is used for stray light suppression. Characteristics of the non-ideal Gaussian laser beam is studied in detail. The laser beam waist and vertical spatial resolution are 2 mm and 10 mm, respectively. A set of collection lens is designed to image the 400 mm scattering region onto the rectangular fiber arrays. Scattered light is focused onto the 2.20×2.86 mm (10 \times 13) fiber optic bundle. The collection optics is installed inside the vacuum chamber and the solid angle at central field of view is 0.018 sr. The 5-channel compact polychromator (Width 482 cm × Height 8.8 cm) is developed to measure the scattered light. The noise level of each channel is less than 5 mV. The designed electron temperature measurement range is from 5 to 1000 eV and electron density measurement range is from 5×10^{18} to 1×10^{20} m⁻³. Measurements results of electron temperature and electron density by ETS are compared with that from the electron cyclotron emission (ECE) radiometer, the microwave interferometer, and the CO2 dispersion interferometer. Combined with the data from the core Thomson scattering diagnostic system, the HL-2M plasma electron temperature profile is presented for the first time.



Figure 1. Comparison of plasma parameters of shot 2015 and shot 2025. (a): Plasma current. (b) Averaged electron density. (c) Electron temperature by EST. (d) Electron density by EST. (e) Plasma electron temperature profile.

*Presenting author: gsb214@foxmail.com